



## **March Meeting Summary**

# Paul (Vu) Nguyen Wichita Aircraft Certification Aerospace Engineer

FAA Public Meeting
Cessna 400 Series Wing Spar Safety Concern
Downtown Kansas City Marriott
August 18, 2004

## **March Meeting Summary**



- FAA and proprietary information
- FAA summary of previously proposed Airworthiness Directives
- Manufacturer perspective (Cessna)
- Operator perspective (Cape Air)
- FAA Data Evaluation

## March Meeting Summary (con't)



- FAA related Issues
  - Aging rule, related Research & Development
  - Supplement Inspection Documents (SID) & maintenance programs
  - Expectations for AMOCs, AD process
- Public Comments, Questions

#### **AD Process – Unsafe Condition**



- 14CFR Part 39 is the legal framework for the FAA's ADs system
- 14CFR Part 39 requires for an AD to be issued:
  - FAA has to find that an unsafe condition exists in the product
  - The unsafe condition is likely to exist or develop in other products of the same type design

#### O AD Standard Procedure:

- Issue a Noticed of Proposed Rule Making
- Obtain public comments on the proposed rule
- Evaluate those comments
- Make a decision on proceeding with the Final Rule AD

## **Existing ADs**



- AD 79-10-15 R2: 401/A/B, 402A/B, 411/A
  - Requires repetitive inspections of the front lower wing spar cap every 400 hrs
    - Surface eddy current to detect cracks under skin
  - Requires repetitive inspections of the wing attach fittings every 1000 hrs
    - Surface eddy current to detect cracks at two locations
- AD 2000-23-01: 402C
  - Requires repetitive inspections of lower wing spar cap every 110 hrs for 402C only
    - Visual inspection of front, aft, and auxiliary wing spars for cracks

### Proposed ADs - Withdrawn



- Docket: 2002-CE-05-AD
- Unsafe condition: Fatigue cracks in wing spars require wing spar cap repair or replacement
- Proposed Action:
  - Terminates wing spar inspections of AD 79-10-15 R2
  - Maintain Wing attach fitting inspections of AD 79-10-15 R2 (Area "A" and "B")
  - Requires Cessna Service Bulletin wing spar inspections
  - Requires installation of Cessna Service Kits
  - Requires repetitive inspections of the installed strap

## Proposed ADs - Withdrawn



- Docket: 2002-CE-57-AD
- Unsafe condition: Fatigue cracks in wing spars require wing spar cap repair or replacement
- Proposed Action:
  - Terminates wing spar inspections of AD 2000-23-01
  - Requires Cessna Service Bulletin wing spar inspections
  - Requires installation of Cessna Service Kits

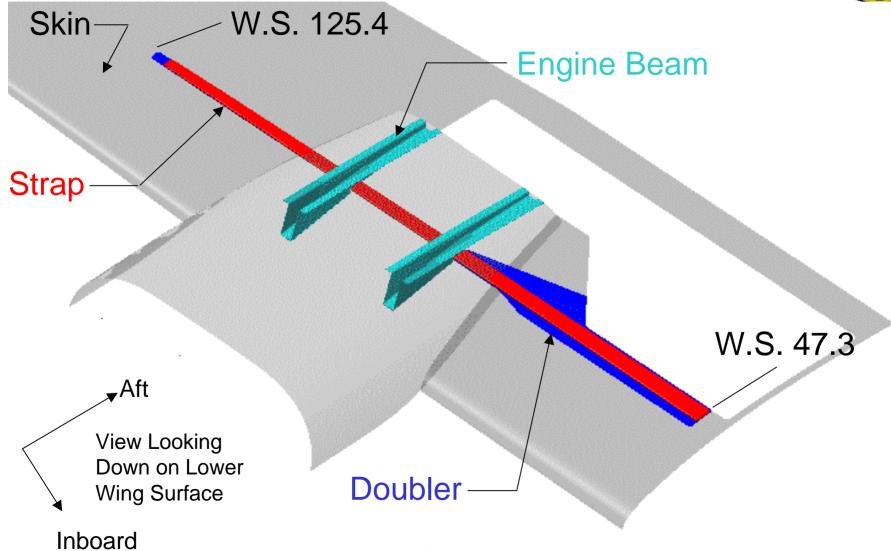
#### **Previously Proposed Compliance**



Model	Installation threshold	Inspection to be Terminated	Strap Inspection Threshold
401, 401A, 401B, 402, 402A, 402B	6,500 flight hrs.	AD 79-10-15R2 (Lwr spar cap only)	19,900 flight hours after installation
411, 411A	5,500 flight hrs.	AD 79-10-15R2 (Lwr spar cap only)	19,900 flight hours after installation
402C	14,500 flight hrs.	AD 2000-23-01	(TBD w/ future AD)
414A (units 1- 200)	8,500 flight hrs.	None	(TBD w/ future AD)
414A (Units 201 ++)	14,500 flight hrs.	None	(TBD w/ future AD)

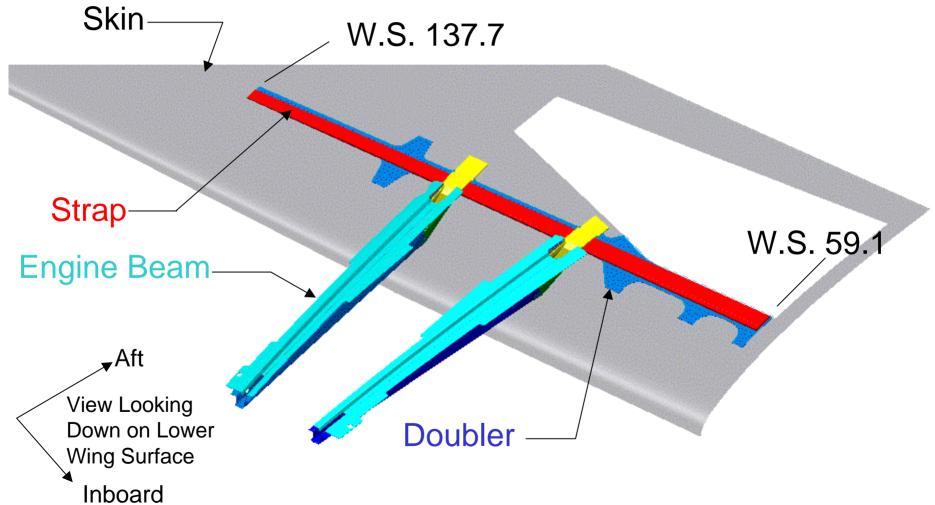
## Model 401/402/411 Wing Strap Layout





## Model 402C/414A Wing Strap Layout







## Cessna Presentation Summary March 2004 Meeting



- Airframe Design History
- Fatigue General Concepts
- Analysis
- Fatigue Tests
- Field History
- NDI Options
- Wing Modification Options
- Conclusion

Note: FAA Website or Formal Transcript



## Cessna Presentation Conclusions March 2004 Meeting



- Currently mandated inspection methods are inadequate to detect fatigue cracks in the wing spar before the wing can no longer carry the required loads
- This conclusion is based on analyses, testing and field data
- The wing spar reinforcement strap is necessary to address the continued airworthiness of these airplanes
- Failure to install the reinforcement strap or some other alternate means of compliance to achieve similar results, will increase the likelihood that a fatal accident will occur due to spar cap cracking



## Cape Air Presentation Summary March 2004 Meeting



- 13 A/C (26 wings) Inspected/Tested (as of 3/04)
  - 9 Aircraft (18 wings) Modified
  - 5 Lower Front Spar Caps Replaced due to defects (4 field, 1 factory induced)
  - 6 Lower Front Spar Caps repaired due to field induced defects
  - Labor Hours: 400-500 (MEB02-5 R1 calls for 485) for experienced mechanic with no additional repairs
  - 300-400 additional labor hours to change spar cap



## Cape Air Presentation Conclusions March 2004 Meeting



- Modification needed (system safety approach)
- Concerns
  - Industry Backlog due to proposed 12 month/500hr compliance
  - Quality control of field repairs and training of mechanics
  - Capabilities/Capacity of repair facilities
  - Time delays based on engineering support

#### Possible Solutions

- Analyze industry capabilities before issuing AD
- Phase in compliance schedule
- Prepare for projected engineering support
- Oversight and training for repair facilities





#### **FAA Data Evaluation**

#### **Bob Eastin**

Chief Scientist, Technical Advisor Fatigue & Damage Tolerance

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#### **Overview**



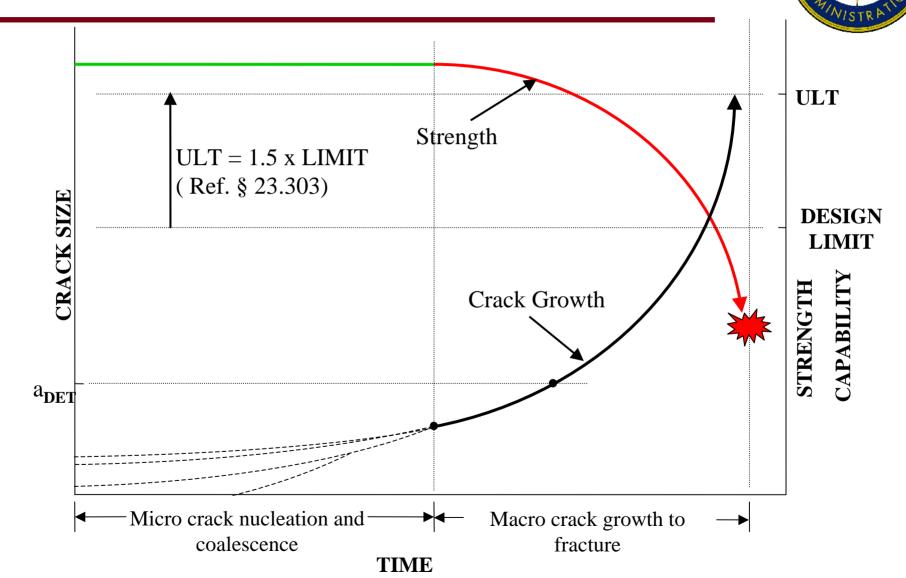
- Fatigue
- Fatigue Management
- Cessna 400 Wing Spar Cap Findings
- Inspection Considerations
- Wing Structural Integrity Issues
- Proposed Corrective Action

## §23.305, Strength and Deformation



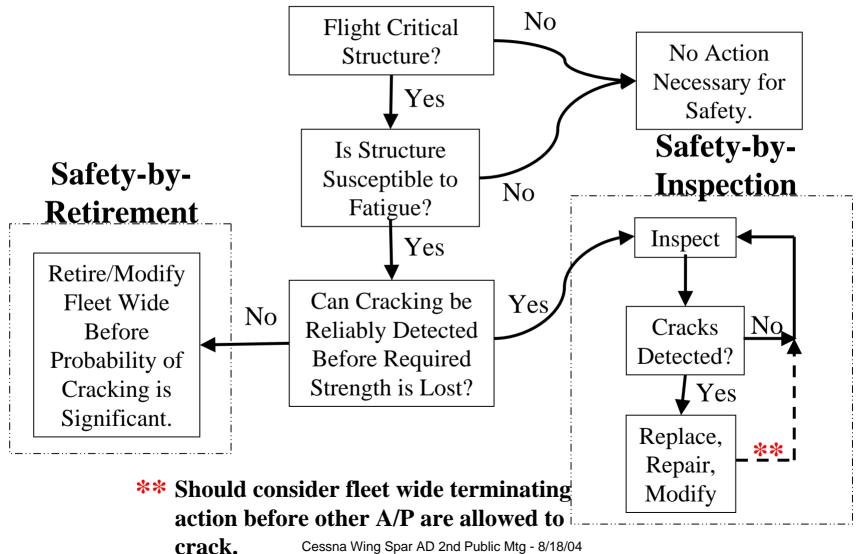
- Defines required static strength:
  - Support limit loads without detrimental or permanent deformation.
  - Support ultimate loads without failure.
- Type design requirements.
- Applicable to repair and modification.
- Applied to structure known to be cracked if considering potential operation without repair.
- No provision for relaxation based on age.

## **Fatigue Process**



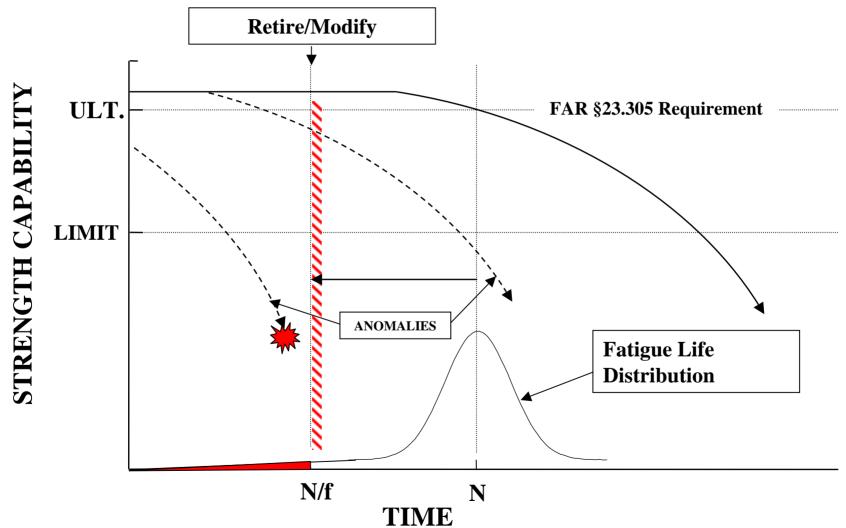
#### **Fatigue Management Logic**





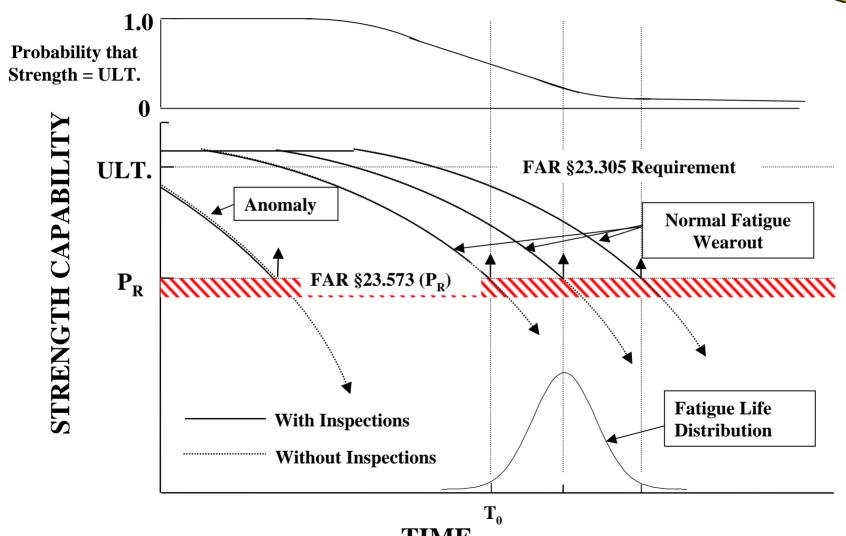
## Application of Safety by Retirement





#### Safety-by-Inspection





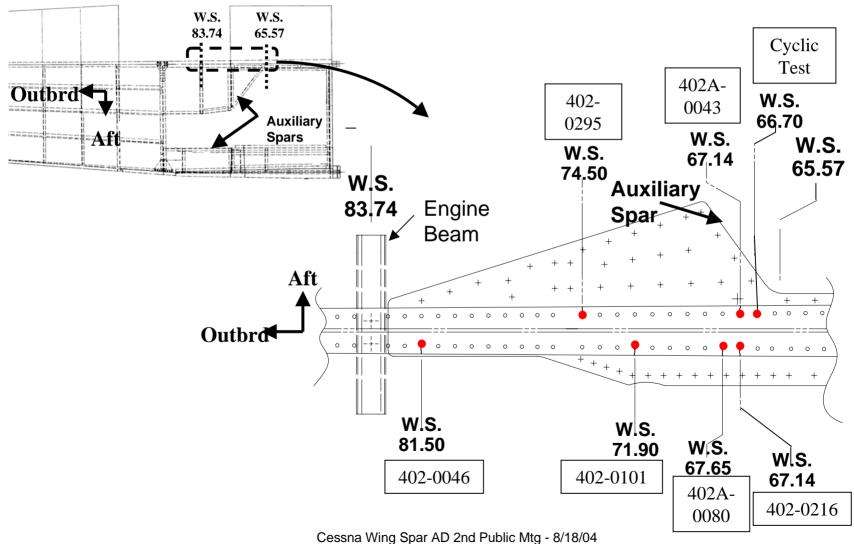
#### **402 Fatigue Cracking Experience**



Unit	Flight Hours	Wing Station	Location	Crack Origin	Failure Mode
402-0046	8373	81.50	Fwd Flg	Fastener Hole	Complete cap failure. The airplane had an engine fire that left the cap with 50% of required tension capability after 1830 hours. – Right Wing
402-0295	8057	74.50	Aft Flg	Fastener Hole	Complete cap failure – Left Wing
402A- 0043	13824	67.14	Aft Flg	Fastener Hole	.05" crack detected when evaluating new NDI equipment.
402-0101	16000	71.90	Fwd Flg	Fastener Hole	Complete cap failure – Left Wing
402A- 0080	13773	67.65	Fwd Flg	Fastener Hole	Complete cap failure – Left Wing
402-0216	9012	67.14	Fwd Flg	Fastener Hole	Spar cap ligament failure – Left Wing
Cyclic Test	14,000	66.70	Aft Flg	Fastener Hole	Complete cap failure.

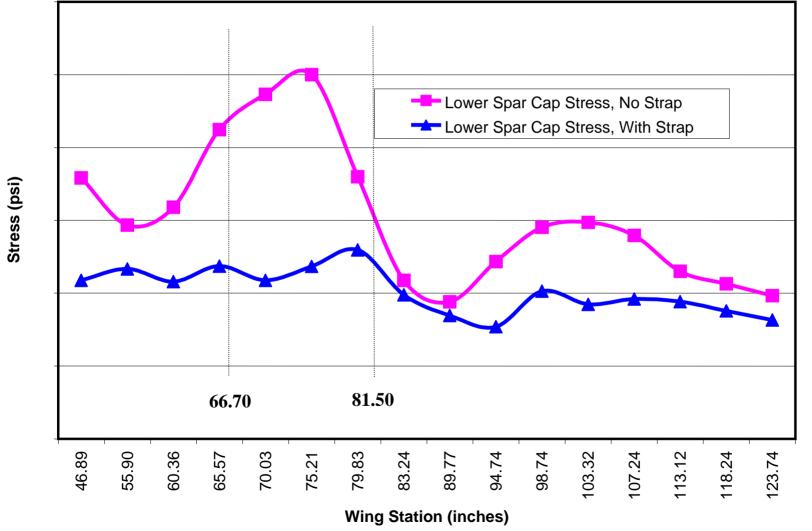
#### **402 Known Cracking Locations**





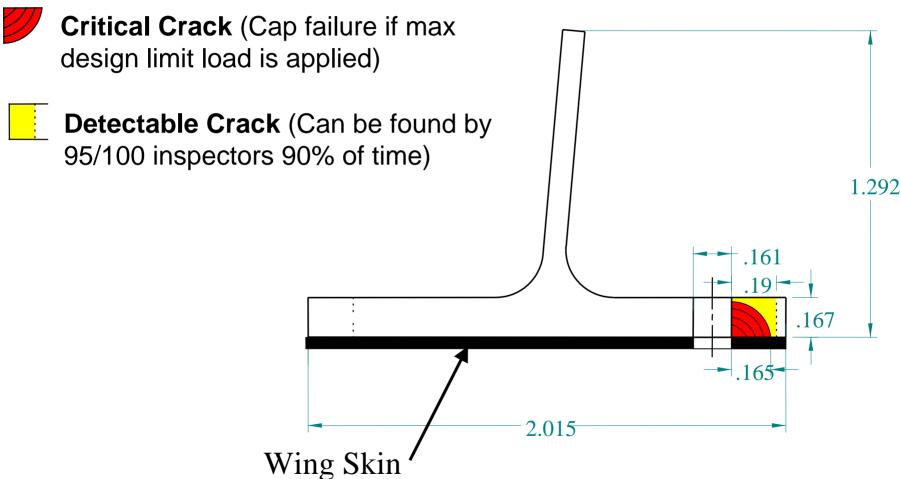
## MODEL 402 WING MAIN SPAR LOWER SPAR STRESSES MAXIMUM POSITIVE WING BENDING LIMIT LOAD





#### **402 Critical & Detectable Crack Sizes**





### 402 Residual Strength



 Wing strength with spar cap failed is less than 1/2 original type design strength for 401, 402, -A, -B, 411.

## **Summary of 402 Findings**



- Sufficient service and test experience and fatigue analysis results exist to indicate that:
  - Spar cap is susceptible to fatigue cracking in a local area.
  - Without intervention fatigue cracking can be expected to occur.

## **Summary of 402 Findings**



- Sufficient fracture mechanics analysis results exist to indicate that:
  - The crack size that could cause the cap to fail if design limit load is experienced is relatively small.
- Sufficient NDI data exist to indicate that:
  - Reliable detection of a crack before it reaches critical size may not be possible in some areas.

## **Summary of 402 Findings**



- Sufficient analysis results exist to indicate that:
  - With the spar cap failed the wing strength capability is reduced to less than 1/2 of original type design strength (i.e. all type design strength margin is lost) for 401, 402, 402A, 402B, 411.

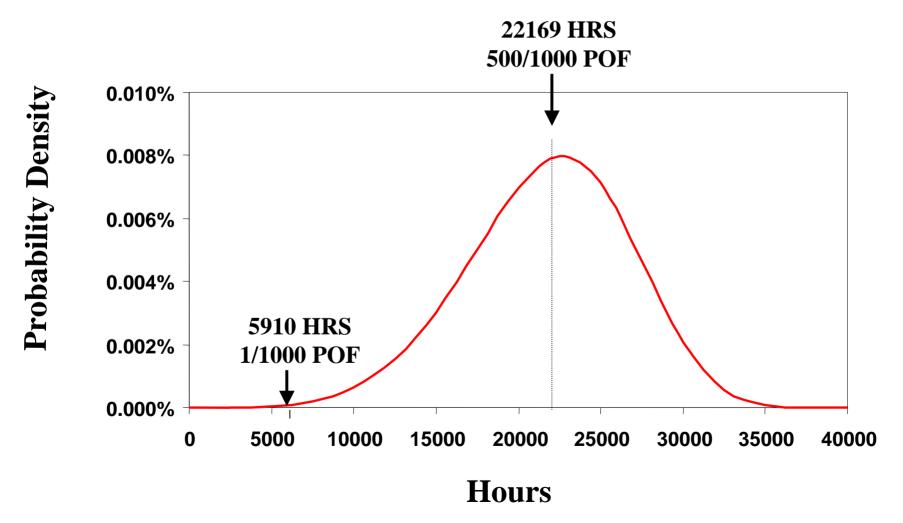
## **Corrective Action Required**



- Address the local fatigue critical area at some point in time
  - Retirement/modification required since inspection does not have high enough reliability
- Address the general lack of tolerance to damage
  - Modify design to increase tolerance

#### 6 + 367 Distribution





#### **FAA Presentation Conclusions**

March 2004 Meeting



- Unsafe condition exists in all models
  - 402 test results and service experience
  - Stress analyses
  - Fatigue analyses
  - Damage tolerance analyses
  - Similarity between models

## FAA Presentation Conclusions (cont'd)

March 2004 Meeting



- 2002-CE-05 AD and 2002-CE-57-AD means to address unsafe condition
  - Stress analyses
  - Fatigue analyses
  - Damage tolerance analyses
  - 402 service data evaluation
  - Similarity between models
- Alternative Means of Compliance
  - Must address local cracking
  - Must address inherent lack of tolerance to damage